

Thermal Expansion of Liquid Scintillator in NOvA Extrusions Vic Guarino, July 9, 2004

**Calculation of the difference in volumetric expansion of liquid and PVC
with temperature for one NOvA extrusion cell:**

Volume of one Cell

$w := .030$ Width of cell in m

$thick := .040$ Thickness of cell in m

$Length := 17.5$ Length of cell in m

$V_o := w \cdot thick \cdot Length$

$V_o = 0.021$ Volume in cubic meters

V_t is the volume at temperature t .

V_o is the original volume at 0 degrees C

t is the temperature

$\alpha := .000682$ The parameters α , β , γ were found on page 1696 of the Handbook of Chemistry and Physics-24th Ed. These are the values for olive oil since mineral oil is not shown.

$\beta := .000001140$

$\gamma := -.0000000053$

$t_1 := 20$

$t_2 := 35$

$$V_{t1} := V_o \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot t_1 + \beta \cdot t_1^2 + \gamma \cdot t_1^3)$$

$$\Delta_{oil} := \frac{V_{t2} - V_{t1}}{V_o}$$

$$\Delta_{oil} := \alpha \cdot (t_2 - t_1) + \beta \cdot (t_2^2 - t_1^2) + \gamma \cdot (t_2^3 - t_1^3)$$

$\Delta_{oil} = 0.011$

Volume Expansion of PVC

$\epsilon := .00007$ Coefficient of Thermal Expansion of PVC per degree C

$\Delta T := t_2 - t_1$ Change in temp in degrees C = $t_2 - t_1$

$\Delta T = 15$

$$\Delta_{pvc} := \left[(\epsilon \cdot \Delta T)^3 \right] + 3 \cdot (\epsilon \cdot \Delta T)^2 + (3 \cdot \epsilon \cdot \Delta T)$$

$$\Delta_{pvc} = 3.153 \times 10^{-3}$$

Difference in volumetric expansion between oil and PVC Cell

$$\text{Diff} := V_o (\Delta_{oil} - \Delta_{pvc})$$

$$\text{Diff} = 1.645 \times 10^{-4}$$

Difference in volume expansion in cubic meters for one cell - multiply by 1000 to get the volume difference in liters

Conclusion: The oil in a single 3 cm x 4 cm x 17.5 m cell expands (or contracts) by 0.1645 liters per 15 deg C, relative to the volume of the PVC extrusion. Thus, the differential expansion for a single 32-cell extrusion is 0.35 liters per deg C.